

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting scanning attacks, comprises:
adding host-pair connection records to a connection table each time a host accesses another host;[[:]]
at the end of a short update period, accessing the connection table to determine new host pairs;
determining the number of new host pairs added to the table over the short update period;
and
if a host has made more than a first threshold number "C1" host pairs, and the number of host pairs in the profile is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value "C2", then indicating to a console that the new host is a scanner.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein "C1" and "C2" are adjustable thresholds.
3. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein the connection table is a current time-slice connection table and host pair records are added to the current time slice connection table.
4. (Original) The method of claim 3, further comprising:
aggregating records from the current time-slice table into a long update period table; and
checking for ping scans at the end of a long update period; and
indicating hosts which produced more than "C3" new host pairs over the long update period.

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 4 wherein indicating, further comprises:
at the end of the long update period, accessing the long update connection table to
determine new host pairs that the process had not previously determined before in the profile;
determining the number of new host pairs added to the table over the long update period;
and
if a host has made more than a first threshold number "C4" host pairs, and the number of
host pairs in the profile is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value "C5", then
indicating the new host as a scanner.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:
maintaining Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) packet statistics in the connection table
and for sparse subnets tracking the number of generated ARP requests that do not receive
responses to detect scans on sparse sub-networks.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the scanning attack is a ping scanning
attack.

8. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting port scanning attacks, the method
comprises:
retrieving from a connection table logged values of protocols and ports used in ~~for~~ host
pair connections records in the table;
determining if the number of ports used in the an historical profile is considerably smaller
by a factor "C1" than a current number of ports being scanned by a host, and if the current
number is greater than a lower-bound threshold "C2"[[,]]; to
recording that the current number for the host is greater than a lower-bound threshold as
an anomaly; and
reporting a port scan to a console.

9. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising:

assigning a severity level to the port scan and reporting the severity level of the port scan.

10. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein the reported severity varies as a function of the deviation from historical norm.

11. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising:

determining from the connection table statistics about TCP reset (RST) packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets to detect a spike in the number of RST packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets relative to the profile to increase the severity of a port scan event.

12. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein determining occurs at the end of short update periods to detect normal scans.

13. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein determining occurs at the end of long update periods to detect stealthy scans.

14. (Currently Amended) A computer program product residing on a computer readable medium for detecting scanning attacks, comprises instructions for causing a computer to:

add host-pair connection records to a connection table each time a host accesses another host{[[,]]

at the end of a short update period, accessing the connection table to determine new host pairs;

determine the number of new host pairs added to the table over the update period; and
if a host has made more than a first threshold number "C1" host pairs, and the number of host pairs in the profile is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value "C2", then indicate to a console that the new host is a scanner.

15. (Original) The computer program product of claim 14 wherein "C1" and "C2" are adjustable thresholds.

16. (Original) The computer program product of claim 14 wherein the connection table is a current time-slice connection table and host pair records are added to the current time slice connection table.

17. (Original) The computer program product of claim 16, further comprising instructions to:

- aggregate records from the current time-slice table into a long update period table;
- check for ping scans at the end of a long update period; and
- indicate hosts which produced more than "C3" new host pairs over the long update period.

18. (Original) The computer program product of claim 17 wherein instructions to indicate, further comprises instructions to:

- access the long update connection table at the end of the long update period;
- determine the number of new host pairs added to the table over the long update period;

and

- if a host has made more than a first threshold number "C4" host pairs, and the number of host pairs in the profile is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value "C5", then indicate the new host as a scanner.

19. (Original) The computer program product of claim 14 further comprising instructions to:

- maintain Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) packet statistics in the connection table; and
- track the number of generated ARP requests that do not receive responses to detect scans on sparse sub-networks.

20. (Currently Amended) A computer program product residing on a computer readable medium for detecting port scanning attacks, the computer program product comprises instructions for causing a processor to:

retrieve from a connection table logged values of protocols and ports used for host pair connections in the table;

determine if the number of ports used in a the historical profile is considerably smaller by a factor "C1" than a current number of ports being scanned by a host and the current number is greater than a lower-bound threshold "C2", to record the anomaly; and

report a port scan to a console.

21. (Original) The computer program product of claim 20 further comprising instructions to:

assign a severity level to the port scan and report the severity level of the port scan.

22. (Original) The computer program product of claim 21 wherein the reported severity varies as a function of the deviation from historical norm.

23. (Original) The computer program product of claim 21 further comprising instructions to:

determine from the connection table statistics about TCP reset (RST) packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets to detect a spike in the number of RST packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets relative to the profile to increase the severity of a port scan event.

24. (Currently Amended) Apparatus comprising:
circuitry for detecting scanning attacks, comprising:
circuitry to add host-pair connection records to a connection table each time a host accesses another host;[[,]]

~~at the end of a short update period, accessing circuitry to access the connection table to~~
determine new host pairs;

circuitry to determine the number of new host pairs added to the table over the a short update period; and

if a host has made more than a first threshold number "C1" host pairs, and the number of host pairs in the profile is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value "C2", then circuitry to indicate to a console that the new host is a scanner.

25. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24 wherein "C1" and "C2" are adjustable thresholds.

26. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24 wherein the connection table is a current time-slice connection table and host pair records are added to the current time slice connection table.

27. (Original) The apparatus of claim 24, further comprising:
circuitry to aggregate records from the current time-slice table into a long update period table;

circuitry to check for ping scans at the end of a long update period; and
circuitry to indicate hosts which produced more than "C3" new host pairs over the long update period.

28. (Currently Amended) Apparatus comprising:
a processing device; and
a computer readable medium tangible embodying a computer program product for detecting scanning attacks, the computer program product comprising instructions for causing the processing device to:

add host-pair connection records to a connection table each time a host accesses another host{[[,]]

at the end of a short update period, accessing the connection table to determine new host pairs;

determine the number of new host pairs added to the table over the update period; and

if a host has made more than a first threshold number "C1" host pairs, and the number of host pairs in the profile is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value "C2", then indicate to a console that the new host is a scanner.

29. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein "C1" and "C2" are adjustable thresholds.

30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28 wherein the connection table is a current time-slice connection table and host pair records are added to the current time slice connection table.

31. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28, wherein the computer program product further comprises instructions to:

aggregate records from the current time-slice table into a long update period table;
check for ping scans at the end of a long update period; and
indicate hosts which produced more than "C3" new host pairs over the long update period.

32. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28 further comprises instructions to:
access the long update connection table at the end of the long update period;
determine the number of new host pairs added to the table over the long update period;
and

if a host has made more than a first threshold number "C4" host pairs, and the number of host pairs in the profile is smaller than the threshold number by a first factor value "C5", then indicate the new host as a scanner.

33. (Currently Amended) Apparatus comprising:
a processing device;

a computer readable medium tangibly embodying a computer program product for detecting port scanning attacks, the computer program product comprises instructions for causing a processor to:

- retrieve from a connection table logged values of protocols and ports used for host pair connections in the table;

- determine if the number of ports used in a the historical profile is considerably smaller by a factor "C1" than a current number of ports being scanned by a host and the current number is greater than a lower-bound threshold "C2", to record the anomaly; and

- report a port scan to a console.

34. (Original) The apparatus of claim 33 further comprising instructions to:
assign a severity level to the port scan and report the severity level of the port scan.

35. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein the reported severity varies as a function of the deviation from a historical norm as determined from the historical profile.

36. (Original) The apparatus of claim 34 further comprising instructions to:
determine from the connection table statistics about TCP reset (RST) packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets to detect a spike in the number of RST packets and ICMP port-unreachable packets relative to the profile to increase the severity of a port scan event.